

CACE WP5 Meeting

Porto 22-23/07-2008

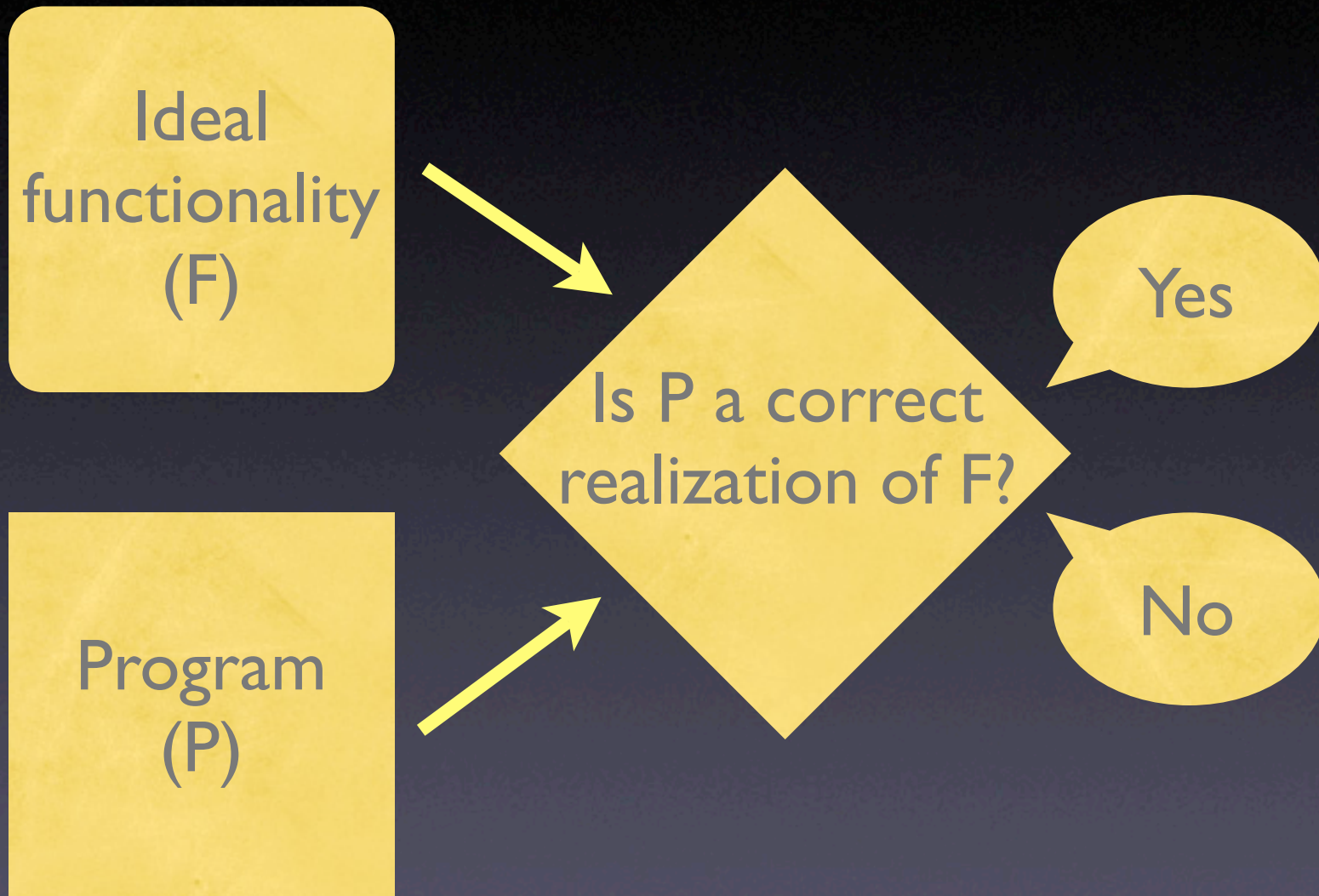
Security Policies in MPC

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Overview

- A Grand Challenge
 - and the design-space it spans
- Examples of relevant security guaranties
- Examples of SMC applications

A Grand Challenge



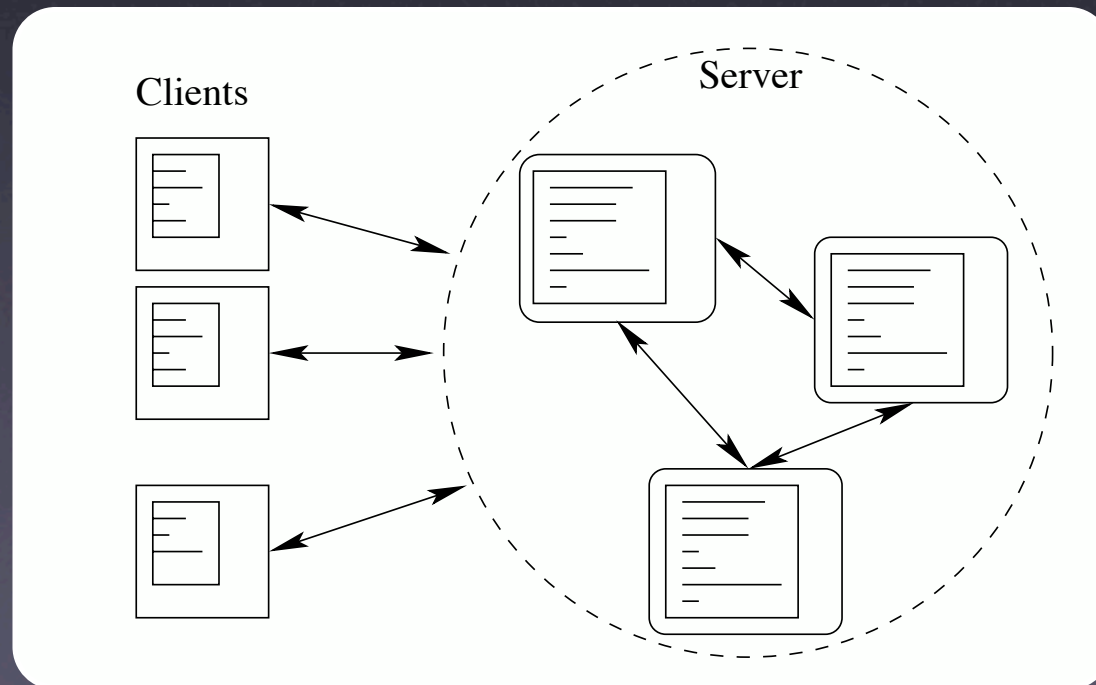
The Design-space

1. Security against all attacks in the UC sense
2. Formal verification of a program against a specific security model
3. Security against classes of attacks (insider/outsider attacks, intentional/unintentional, covert channels, etc.)
4. Security against individual attacks

SMCL

a place in space

- A domain-specific language for SMC
- Target audience is not crypto-people
- Provides some security guaranties



SMCL

The Millionaire's Example

declare client Millionaires:

```
tunnel of sint netWorth;
```

```
function void main(int[] args) {  
    ask();  
}
```

```
function void ask() {  
    netWorth.put(readInt());  
}
```

```
function void tell(bool b) {  
    if (b) {  
        display("You are the richest!");  
    } else {  
        display("Make more money!");  
    }  
}
```

declare server Max:

```
group of Millionaires mills;
```

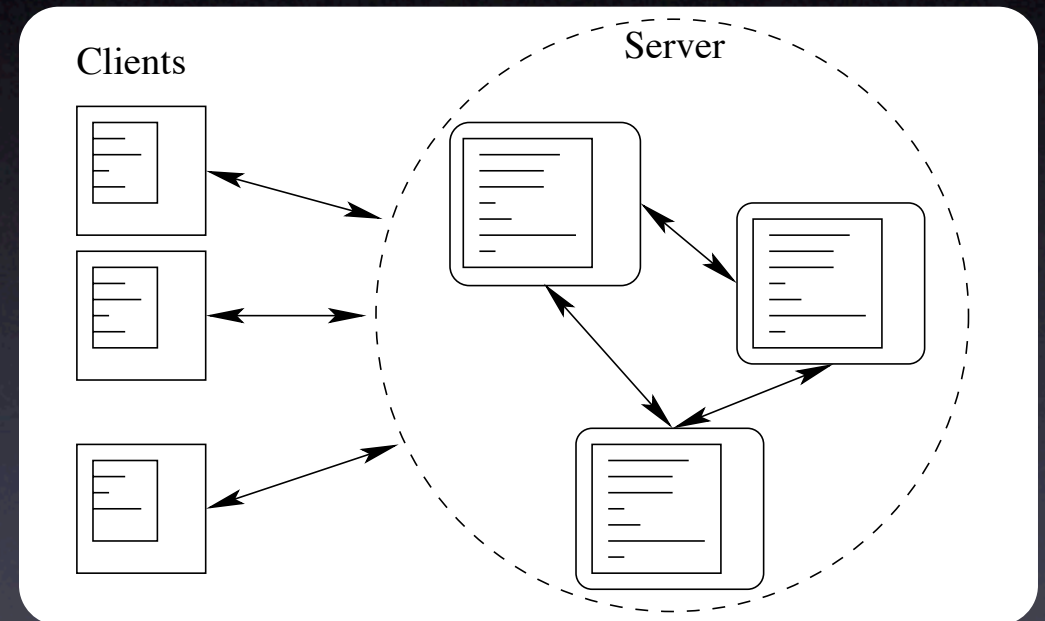
```
function void main(int[] args) {  
    sint max = 0;  
    sclient rich;
```

```
    foreach (client c in mills) {  
        sint netWorth = c.netWorth.take();  
        if (netWorth >= max) {  
            max = netWorth;  
            rich = c;  
        }  
    }
```

```
    foreach (client c in mills) {  
        c.tell(open(c==rich|rich));  
    }  
}
```


Security Model

- Adversary may:
 - Observe physical state of the server
 - Not observe private and secret values



Security Guaranties

- Security against attacks that are a function of the program trace
 - Timing, information flow, etc.
- Enforced by:
 - Carefully crafted semantics
 - Static analysis of well-typed SMCL programs

If an adversary corrupts more than the threshold of servers
then all guaranties are off

Semantics

- Conditionals are a source of differences in the trace
 - Execute both branches
 - Termination
 - Public side-effects

```
if (b) {  
    x = y;  
}  
else {  
    x = z;  
}
```

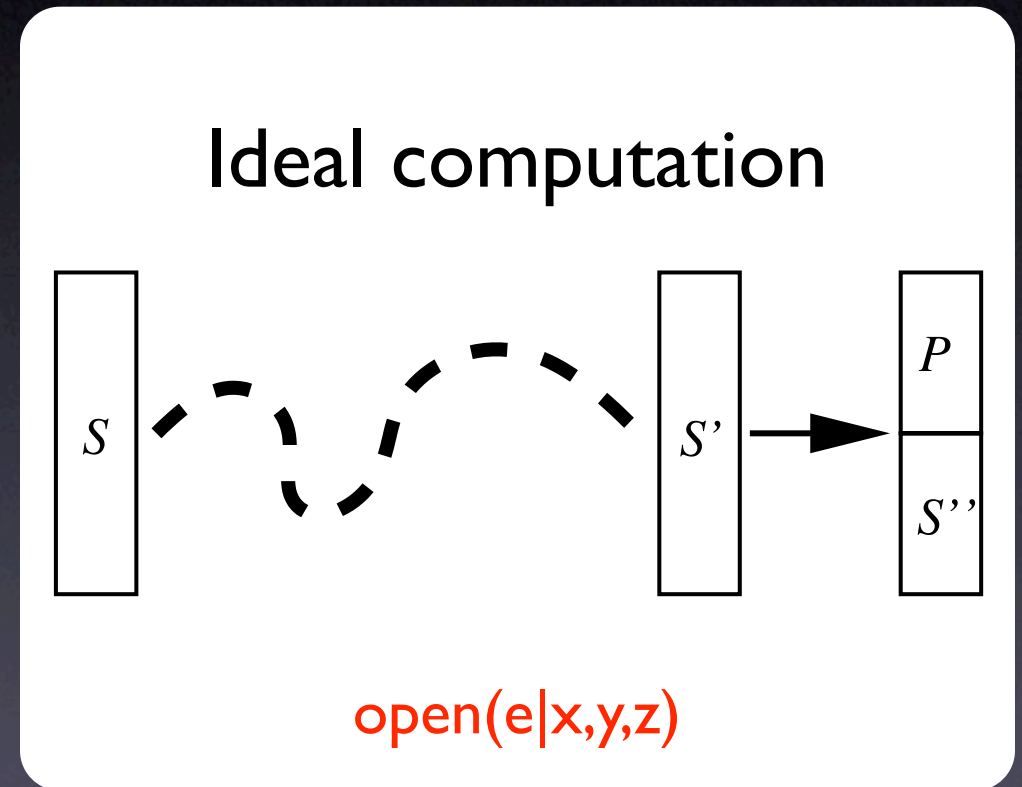
$$x = b * y + (1 - b) * z$$

Hoistability

- Branches must agree on public side-effects
 - Assignment to public variables
 - Communication
 - Function calls
- While loops and recursion with secret condition are not allowed

Semantic Information Leak

- Ideal computations are inefficient
- Prove that a pragmatic version reveals same information as the ideal version
- Assist the programmer



SMC Applications

- Auctions
- Negotiations
- Benchmarking
- Datamining
- Voting
- Survey
- Etc. (See WP4 d.I)

Sugarbeet auction

- Developed as a partnership with a private company
- Approx. 3 years of work
- Security model changed during development
- How security is achieved is not important for users - only that it is “secure”

Questions?